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=> s creatine amidinohydrolase or creatinase
L1 756 CREATINE AMIDINOHYDROLASE OR CREATINASE

=> s 11 (10a) creatine
L2 412 L1 (10A) CREATINE

=> s 12 (5a)(michaelis or km)
L3 6 L2 (5A)(MICHAELIS OR KM)

=> s 12 (10a)(michaelis or km)
L4 10 L2 (10A)(MICHAELIS OR KM)

=> dup rem 14
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4
L5 6 DUP REM L4 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-6

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 6 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT/ISI on STN
AN 1997-11458 BIOTECHDS
TI ***Creatine*** - ***amidinohydrolase*** enzymes with low ***Km***
;
AU Sogabe A; Hattori T; Nishiya Y; Kawamura Y
PA Toyo-Boseki
LO Osaka, Japan.
PI EP 790303 20 Aug 1997
AI EP 1997-102270 13 Feb 1997
PRAI JP 1996-25435 13 Feb 1996
DT Patent
LA English
OS WPI: 1997-404731 [38]

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2
AN 1995:731732 HCAPLUS
DN 123:106520
TI Isolation, characterization and preparation procedure of a creatine
amidinohydrolase from Alcaligenes
IN Furukawa, Keisuke; Hashimoto, Kyoko; Suzuki, Masaru

PA Kikkoman Corp., Japan
SO Ger. Offen., 12 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent
LA German
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 4445084	A1	19950622	DE 1994-4445084	19941216
	JP 07170979	A2	19950711	JP 1993-318675	19931217
	JP 2788174	B2	19980820		
	US 5451520	A	19950919	US 1994-343972	19941118
PRAI	JP 1993-318675		19931217		

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 6 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2004 CSA on STN
AN 97:10782 LIFESCI
TI Creatine amidinohydrolase from Alkaligenes sp. ks-85 ferm bp-4487
CS KIKKOMAN CORPORATION
SO (1995) . US Patent 5451520; US Cl. 435/227 435/252.1 435/829.
DT Patent
FS A; W2
LA English

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3
AN 1989:228145 HCPLUS
DN 110:228145
TI Method and reagent for enzymic determination of creatine and creatinine in
body fluids
IN Suzuki, Masaru
PA Noda Institute for Scientific Research, Japan
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DT Patent
LA Japanese
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 63182000	A2	19880727	JP 1987-13645	19870123
	JP 06098032	B4	19941207		
	US 5047329	A	19910910	US 1988-141043	19880105
PRAI	JP 1987-13645		19870123		
OS	MARPAT 110:228145				

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN 1980:442293 HCPLUS
DN 93:42293
TI Presence of creatinase and sarcosine dehydrogenase in human skeletal
muscle. Proposal for creatine-urea pathway
AU Miyoshi, Kazuo; Taira, Akira; Yoshida, Kenzo; Tamura, Katsuya; Uga,
Shigetoshi
CS Sch. Med., Tokushima Univ., Tokushima, Japan
SO Proceedings of the Japan Academy, Series B: Physical and Biological
Sciences (1980), 56(2), 95-8
CODEN: PJABDW; ISSN: 0386-2208
DT Journal
LA English

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 6 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
AN 1976-77945X [42] WPIDS
TI Creatine amid (in)hydrolase enzyme - obtd from strains of Flavobacterium,
Micrococcus or Corynebacterium.
DC A97 B04 D16 S03 S05
PA (NODA) NODA INST SCI RES
CYC 3
PI DE 2614114 A 19761007 (197642)*
JP 51115989 A 19761013 (197648)
JP 51118884 A 19761019 (197649)
JP 52008394 B 19770309 (197713)
JP 52008395 B 19770309 (197713)
US 4039384 A 19770802 (197732)
DE 2614114 B 19780831 (197836)
PRAI JP 1975-40792 19750405; JP 1975-40793 19750405
IC C07G007-02; C12D013-10; C12K001-00; G01N033-16

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

IT ***Michaelis*** constant

Urine analysis

~ (isolation, characterization and prepn. procedure of ***creatine***
amidinohydrolase from Alcaligenes)

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 6 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2004 CSA on STN

AB . . . for 30 min.; (g) inhibitors: AgNO₃.sub.3, HgCl₂.sub.2, CuSO₄.sub.4, etc.; and (h) molecular weight: about 80,000.+-.5000 as determined by gel filtration. The ***creatine*** ***amidinohydrolase*** is stable in high pH range and possesses a small ***K_m*** value, so that it can be purified in high pH range resulting in more easy and simple production than the . . .

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

AB . . . is treated with sarcosine oxidase for creatine or creatinine detn. A serum sample was treated with a 1st reagent contg.

creatine ***amidinohydrolase***, sarcosine oxidase [***K_m*** = 11 mM], peroxidase, ascorbate oxidase, 2,4-dichlorophenol sulfonate, di-Na EDTA, Triton X-100 and pH 8.0 buffer at 37.degree. for 5. . .

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AB Creatinase activity was demonstrated in human skeletal muscle by urea formation from creatine in the muscle ext. ***Creatinase*** activity with respect to increasing ***creatine*** concns. gave a hyperbolic curve and the ***K_m*** for creatine was 8.0 times. 10-5M. Sarcosine dehydrogenase activity in human skeletal muscle was also demonstrated by the time-dependent redn.. . .

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 6 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AB 40-70 degrees C, an optimal action temp. of 65 degrees C, and a mol. wt. of ca 150000, and (b) ***creatine*** ***amidinohydrolase*** (II) having a ***K_m*** value for ***creatine*** of 4 X 10⁻² mol (37 degrees C, pH 7.7), a stable pH range of 5.9-9, an optimal pH of. . .

=> d 2-5 ab

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

AB A faster, more sensitive creatinase was isolated for use in detection of creatine in human serum or urine. Creatine and creatinine can be used for diagnosis of specific kidney diseases. A creatine amidinohydrolase was isolated from Alcaligenes sp. KS-85 which had high creatine substrate specificity, a pH-optimum of 7-9, and a temp. optimum of 35-45 C. The enzyme was stable from pH 5.0 to 10.5 for 17 h at 25 C, and thermostable at 45 C for 30 min at pH 7.5. The gel filtration mol. wt. of the enzyme was 80,000 +/- 5,000. Because of its higher pH stability, this creatinase was easier to isolate. The K_m value of the Alcaligenes creatinase was much lower so that less enzyme and less time were necessary for the detection of creatine.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 6 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2004 CSA on STN

AB A creatine amidinohydrolase with the following physicochemical properties is prepared: (a) action: hydrolysis of 1 mole of creatine to form 1 mole of sarcosine and 1 mole of urea; (b) substrate specificity: specific for a creatine substrate; (c) optimum pH: 7-9; (d) optimum temperature: around 35.degree.-45.degree. C.; (e) pH stability: stable in the range of pH 5.0-10.5 at 25.degree. C. for 17 hours; (f) thermal stability: stable at a temperature up to about 45.degree. C. at pH 7.5 for 30 min.; (g) inhibitors: AgNO₃.sub.3, HgCl₂.sub.2, CuSO₄.sub.4, etc.; and (h) molecular weight: about 80,000.+-.5000 as determined by gel filtration. The ***creatine*** ***amidinohydrolase*** is stable in high pH range and possesses a small ***K_m*** value, so that it can be purified in high pH range resulting in more easy and simple production than the conventional enzyme, and the lower K_m value enables reduction in the period of time and in the amount of the enzyme for each measurement. The creatine amidinohydrolase is obtained by culturing Alkaligenes sp. KS-85 FERM BP-4487.

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

AB In creatine or creatinine detn. with creatine amidinohydrolase with or without creatinase amidohydrolase, N-ethylglycine in a sample is enzymically degraded, and sarcosine formed from creatine is treated with sarcosine oxidase for creatine or creatinine detn. A serum sample was

treated with a 1st reagent contg. ***creatine***
amidinohydrolase, sarcosine oxidase [***Km*** = 11 mM], peroxidase, ascorbate oxidase, 2,4-dichlorophenol sulfonate, di-Na EDTA, Triton X-100 and pH 8.0 buffer at 37.degree. for 5 min and then with a 2nd reagent contg. creatinine amidohydrolase, sarcosine oxidase [Km = 77 mM], K ferrocyanide, 2,4-dichlorophenol sulfonate, 4-aminoantipyrine, di-Na EDTA, Triton X-100 and pH 8.0 buffer at 37.degree. for 5 min and analyzed at 510 nm for creatinine detn.

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AB Creatinase activity was demonstrated in human skeletal muscle by urea formation from creatine in the muscle ext. ***Creatinase*** activity with respect to increasing ***creatine*** concns. gave a hyperbolic curve and the ***Km*** for creatine was 8.0 .times. 10-5M. Sarcosine dehydrogenase activity in human skeletal muscle was also demonstrated by the time-dependent redn. of 2,6-dichlorophenolindophenol.

=> dis his

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L2 412 S L1 (10A) CREATINE
L3 6 S L2 (5A)(MICHAELIS OR KM)
L4 10 S L2 (10A)(MICHAELIS OR KM)
L5 6 DUP REM L4 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> log h

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